## YAMAHA CORPORATION

## Outline of the Consolidated Financial Results through the Second Quarter (Six Months) of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2015 (FY2015.3) and Outlook for Consolidated Performance for the Full Fiscal Year

## ■ Consolidated Performance through the Second Quarter (Six Months)

Year-on-Year Increases in Net Sales, Operating Income, and Ordinary Income
Consolidated net sales through the second quarter of FY2015.3 increased $¥ 8.7$ billion, or $4.4 \%$ from the same period of the previous fiscal year, to $¥ 206.4$ billion, due to factors that included foreign currency fluctuation effects of $¥ 5.1$ billion. By business segment, although sales of electronic devices decreased, sales of musical instruments, audio equipment, and others increased.

Consolidated operating income through the second quarter rose $¥ 1.4$ billion, or $10.3 \%$ year on year, to $¥ 15.1$ billion. Consolidated ordinary income rose $¥ 1.6$ billion, or $11.8 \%$ over the same period of the previous fiscal year, to $¥ 15.1$ billion, but net income through the second quarter fell $¥ 1.7$ billion, or $13.7 \%$, to $¥ 10.8$ billion, due to the absence of a gain on sales of investment securities that were recorded in the previous fiscal year.

## Sales and Operating Income/Loss by Business Segment

Figures in parentheses are percentage changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year, except as indicated.

## Musical Instruments <br> Sales of $¥ 136.1$ billion ( $+7.2 \%$ ) and Operating Income of $¥ 14.1$ billion ( $+47.8 \%$ )

Sales of pianos in Japan were sluggish mainly because of the effects of the consumption tax rate increase, but sales in North America and China expanded, resulting in an increase in overall piano sales. In the digital musical instrument business, sales of digital pianos remained strong, and Electone ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ sales grew, with the first new product launch in 10 years. Sales of wind instruments in North America remained robust. However, growth in the number of new students at music schools continued to be sluggish.

Sales in this segment as a whole rose $¥ 9.2$ billion over the previous fiscal year, or $7.2 \%$, to $¥ 136.1$ billion. Operating income increased $¥ 4.6$ billion, or $47.8 \%$ year on year, to $¥ 14.1$ billion.

## Audio Equipment

Sales of $¥ 50.8$ billion ( $+4.2 \%$ ) and Operating Income of $¥ 2.0$ billion ( $-25.3 \%$ )
In the audio products business, sales were sluggish in all regions. Sales of professional audio equipment increased in Europe, due to the introduction of new products, resulting in higher sales in this business. Also, sales rose in the ICT (information and communication technology) business. In the commercial online karaoke equipment business, sales decreased.

Sales in this segment as a whole were up $¥ 2.0$ billion, or $4.2 \%$, over the previous fiscal year, to $¥ 50.8$ billion. Operating income fell $¥ 0.7$ billion, or $25.3 \%$ year on year, to $¥ 2.0$ billion.

## Electronic Devices

Sales of $¥ 7.5$ billion ( $-25.9 \%$ ) and an Operating Loss of $¥ 0.9$ billion (compared with operating income of $¥ 1.2$ billion in the same period of the previous fiscal year)
In the semiconductor business, sales decreased mainly due to the lower sales of magnetic sensors (electronic compasses) for smartphones and audio codec ICs.

Sales for this segment as a whole decreased $¥ 2.6$ billion, or $25.9 \%$ year on year, to $¥ 7.5$ billion. The segment posted an operating loss of $¥ 0.9$ billion due to a decrease in sales, compared with operating income of $¥ 1.2$ billion in the same period of the previous year.

## Others

Sales of $¥ 12.0$ billion ( $+1.3 \%$ ) and an Operating Loss of $¥ 0.1$ billion (compared with operating income of $¥ 0.3$ billion in the same period of the previous fiscal year)
Sales of automobile interior wood components decreased slightly. Orders for FA (factory automation) equipment are recovering, and sales increased. In the golf products business, sales grew as new products performed well. Sales of the resort business decreased.

As a consequence, sales of this segment as a whole increased $¥ 0.2$ billion, or $1.3 \%$, to $¥ 12.0$ billion. The operating loss amounted to $¥ 0.1$ billion (compared with operating income of $¥ 0.3$ billion in the same period of the previous year).

## ■ Outlook for Consolidated Performance for the Full Fiscal Year (FY2015.3)

Forecasts for sales, operating income, and ordinary income remain unchanged, but the forecast for net income has been reduced.
The Company's forecast, released on July 31, 2014, for consolidated performance for the full fiscal year ending March 31, 2015 calls for net sales of $¥ 430.0$ billion ( $+4.8 \%$ year on year), operating income of $¥ 29.0$ billion ( $+11.6 \%$ ), ordinary income of $¥ 28.0$ billion ( $+7.1 \%$ ), and net income of $¥ 21.0$ billion ( $-8.3 \%$ ).

The forecasts for sales, operating income, and ordinary income for the full fiscal year ending March 31, 2015 remain unchanged. However, after taking account of business structural reform expenses of an estimated $¥ 1.8$ billion as an extraordinary loss accompanying the conclusion of a basic agreement for the transfer of a subsidiary engaged in the manufacturing of semiconductors and other factors, the forecast for net income for the full fiscal year has been revised downward to $¥ 19.0$ billion (-17.0\%).

The foreign exchange rates assumed in making the consolidated forecasts for the third quarter and onward are $¥ 105 / \mathrm{SS} \$ 1$ ( $¥ 100$ at the previous forecast) and $¥ 135 / € 1$ (unchanged from the previous forecast).
Note: Sales and income/loss figures in the text above have, in principle, been rounded to the nearest $¥ 0.1$ billion.

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Non-Consolidated Basis

| Net Sales | 119.7 | 125.8 | 223.7 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Operating Income | $7.0 \quad(5.8 \%)$ | $7.6 \quad(6.0 \%)$ | $8.1 \quad(3.6 \%)$ |
| Ordinary Income | $12.7 \quad(10.6 \%)$ | $14.5 \quad(11.5 \%)$ | $15.5 \quad(6.9 \%)$ |
| Net Income | $14.0 \quad(11.7 \%)$ | $13.8 \quad(10.9 \%)$ | $17.7 \quad(7.9 \%)$ |

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[^0]:    * 1, 2 The ROE and ROA for the interim period are calculated on an annually adjusted basis
    * 3 Number of Employees = Number of full-time staff at end of the period
    * 4 2H Currency Exchange Rates US\$=105JPY EUR=135JPY

[^1]:    Consolidated financial forecasts were prepared based on information available at the time of the announcement and do not represent promises by the Company or its management that these performance figures will be attained. Actual consolidated results may differ from forecasts owing to a wide range of factors.

